# CITY OF BRAWLEY Brawley, California

Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

# Brawley, California

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# Brawley, California

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Members of the City Council of the City of Brawley
Brawley, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Brawley, California (City) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Brawley, California, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable thereof, for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in note 1 of the notes to basic financial statements effective July 1, 2009, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Intangible Assets, GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, GASB Statement No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, and GASB Statement No. 58, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated March 29, 2011, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contacts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – General Fund, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Economic & Community Development Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The major capital project fund budgetary comparison schedule, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and combining internal service funds financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The major capital project fund budgetary comparison schedule, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and combining internal service funds financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mus, Leng V Mestylein

Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP Beverly Hills, California March 29, 2011

# CITY OF BRAWLEY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010

ASSETS		Governmental Activities	E	Business-type Activities	PRESENTATION	Total
Cash and investments	\$	16,380,689	\$	1 422 950	ø	17 002 520
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent		420,574	Ф	1,422,850 467,495	\$	17,803,539 888,069
Accounts receivable	18	536,302		1,410,331		1,946,633
Interest receivable		447,840		5,672		453,512
Notes receivable		9,147,910		3,072		9,147,910
Due from other governments		1,408,941		1,174,568		2,583,509
Deferred Charges		1,400,741		79,489		79,489
Prepaid expenses		819,292		77,407		819,292
Capital assets not being depreciated		5,425,244		7,183,415		12,608,659
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		21,772,810		47,155,488		68,928,298
		21,772,010		17,122,100		00,720,270
Total assets		56,359,602		58,899,308	,	115,258,910
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		1,823,988		1,469,334		3,293,322
Accrued interest payable		62,704		107,533		170,237
Deposits payable		537,656		404,141		941,797
Unearned revenue		795,246		369,817		1,165,063
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		128,425		1,490,588		1,619,013
Due in more than one year		6,668,031		17,913,205		24,581,236
Total liabilities		10,016,050	Managara	21,754,618		31,770,668
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		21,433,834		37,644,758		59,078,592
Restricted for:		, ,		, ,		, ,
Public safety		697,530				697,530
Community development		4,000,639				4,000,639
Culture and leisure		62,913				62,913
Debt service		932,960		417,226		1,350,186
Capital facilities		499,967				499,967
Unrestricted		18,715,709		(917,294)		17,798,415
Total net assets	\$	46,343,552	\$	37,144,690	\$	83,488,242

			Program Revenues					
					Operating		Capital	
		(	Charges for	C	ontributions	Contribution		
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	-	Services	and Grants		;	and Grants	
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$ 5,419,993	\$	1,566,782	\$	155,957	\$	867,938	
Public safety	8,998,849		855,033		212,999		655,432	
Culture and leisure	2,719,369		200,977		34,998		44,356	
Community development	3,713,649		3,005,665		230,563		1,865,317	
Streets and highways	2,863,122		276,099		1,453,287		1,432,854	
Pass-through agreements	35,190							
Interest on long-term debt	 257,008							
Total governmental activities	 24,007,180		5,904,556		2,087,804		4,865,897	
Business-type Activities:								
Water	6,160,163		5,812,459					
Wastewater	3,640,486		4,411,898					
Solid Waste	1,020,442		1,138,612					
Airport	 199,334		1,267					
Total business-type activities	 11,020,425		11,364,236					
Total primary government	\$ 35,027,605	\$	17,268,792	\$	2,087,804	\$	4,865,897	

#### General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Utility users taxes

Transient lodging taxes

Franchise taxes

Business license taxes

Intergovernmental (unrestricted):

Shared property taxes

Shared sales and use taxes

Motor vehicle license fees

Other

Use of money and property

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning of fiscal year

Prior period adjustments

Net assets - beginning of fiscal year, restated

Net assets - end of fiscal year

 Net (Expense	enue and Changes	s in Ne	et Assets
 	nary Government		4
Governmental	Business-type		
Activities	 Activities		Total
\$ (2,829,316)	\$ -	\$	(2,829,316)
(7,275,385)			(7,275,385)
(2,439,038)			(2,439,038)
1,387,896			1,387,896
299,118			299,118
(35,190)			(35,190)
 (257,008)	 		(257,008)
 (11,148,923)			(11,148,923)
	(347,704)		(347,704)
	771,412		771,412
	118,170		118,170
	(198,067)		(198,067)
	 343,811		343,811
 (11,148,923)	 343,811		(10,805,112)
()			(,,
115,703			115,703
1,922,725			1,922,725
252,369			252,369
751,212			751,212
55,144			55,144
4,230,611			4,230,611
1,377,914			1,377,914
79,590			79,590
36,207			36,207
1,139,313	171,665		1,310,978
118,000	(118,000)		
10,078,788	53,665		10,132,453
(1,070,135)	397,476		(672,659)
46,010,565	 36,815,455		82,826,020
 1,403,122	 (68,241)		1,334,881
47,413,687	36,747,214		84,160,901
\$ 46,343,552	\$ 37,144,690	\$	83,488,242

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2010

ASSETS		General		Economic & Community Development		CRA Capital Projects
Cash and investments	\$	6,386,092	\$	611,046	\$	1,280,127
Deposits with fiscal agents				10,224		
Interest receivable		6,775				2,087
Due from other governments		502,124		38,325		
Due from other funds		15,205		0.00		• • • • • • • •
Notes receivable				8,887,209		260,701
Total assets	\$	6,910,196	\$	9,546,804	<u>\$</u>	1,542,915
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	596,574	\$	4	\$	42,711
Deposits payable	Ψ	211,314	Ψ	,	Ψ	12,711
Deferred revenue				8,892,416		260,701
Due to other funds						
Total liabilities		807,888		8,892,420		303,412
Fund balances:						
Reserved:						
Debt service						
Library board		62,913				
Unreserved reported in:						
General fund		6,039,395				
Special revenue funds				654,384		
Capital projects funds						1,239,503
Total fund balances		6,102,308		654,384		1,239,503
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,910,196	\$	9,546,804	\$	1,542,915

Streets Capita		Other Sovernmen	tal	Total Governmental
Project	S	Funds		Funds
		1.44		
\$ 605,23	30 \$	6,318,75	53 \$	15,201,248
		410,35	50	420,574
31	12	8,86	55	18,039
523,20	)5	179,14	19	1,242,803
				15,205
Water Commence of the Commence				9,147,910
\$ 1,128,74	<u>\$</u>	6,917,11	<u>7</u> \$	26,045,779
ф <b>02</b> 0.00	<b>1</b> 5	107.70	\ <b>?</b>	1 675 017
\$ 928,02	25 \$	107,70		
705.2	1.6	326,34	12	537,656 9,948,363
795,24	+0	15,20	15	15,205
		13,20		13,203
1,723,27	71	449,25	50	12,176,241
		965,66	54	965,664
				62,913
				6,039,395
		3,064,32	26	3,718,710
(594,52	24)	2,437,87		3,082,856
(594,52		6,467,86		13,869,538
\$ 1,128,74		6,917,11	17 \$	26,045,779

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#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2010

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 13,869,538
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are not reported as governmental fund assets.	536,302
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental funds.	26,044,669
Certain notes receivable and accounts receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are offset by deferred revenue in the governmental funds.	9,153,117
Long-term debt and compensated absences have not been included in the governmental funds.	
Long-term debt Compensated absences	(5,764,220) (1,015,049)
Interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In government-wide statement of net assets, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred.	(62,704)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as maintenance and risk management, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the statement of net assets.	3,154,173
In governmental funds, certain accrued interest receivable on notes receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	427,726
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 46,343,552

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES	***************************************	General		Economic & Community Development		CRA Capital Projects
Taxes:						
Utility users	\$	1 022 725	\$		<b>e</b>	
Transient lodging	φ	1,922,725 252,369	Ф	-	\$	-
Franchise		751,212				
Business license		55,144				
Property		33,144				
Licenses and permits		172,530				
Fines and forfeitures		114,267				
Use of money and property		119,005		290,180		48,942
Intergovernmental		6,554,886		203,317		1,380,254
Charges for services		3,263,376		203,317		1,500,251
Miscellaneous		997,334		2,816		2
Total revenues						
Total revenues		14,202,848		496,313		1,429,198
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		2,146,409				
Public safety		8,324,054				
Culture and leisure		2,521,553				
Community development Transportation		1,145,108		222,168		1,973,717
Capital outlay Debt service: Principal						120,724
Interest and fiscal charges						
Intergovernmental expenditures						
Total expenditures		14,137,124		222,168		2,094,441
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		65 724		274 145		(((5.242)
(under) expenditures		65,724		274,145		(665,243)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		118,000				
Transfers out					w	(249,740)
Total other financing sources (uses)	***************************************	118,000				(249,740)
Net change in fund balances		183,724		274,145	P	(914,983)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2009		5,918,584		380,239		2,122,736
Prior Period Adjustments						31,750
Fund Balances - July 1, 2009, Restated		5,918,584		380,239		2,154,486
Fund Balances (Deficit) - June 30, 2010	\$	6,102,308	\$	654,384	\$	1,239,503

252,36 751,21 55,14 115,703 115,703 114,26 172,53 114,26 39,261 497,38 1,891,07 95,779 3,359,15 55,020 1,055,17 1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73 1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73 257,008 257,008 257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24 2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89 (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16) 606,740 178,174 902,91 (535,174) 606,740 (357,000) 118,00 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16) 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94 31,75					
Projects         Funds         Totals           \$         -         \$         1,922,72         252,26         751,21         55,14         115,703         115,703         115,703         115,704         172,53         114,26         172,53         114,26         497,38         11,891,007         339,261         497,38         11,891,007         95,779         3,359,15         55,020         1,055,17         1,010,818         3,047,561         20,186,73         2,521,55         299,649         3,640,64         4,464 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Streets</td><td></td><td>Other</td><td></td></t<>		Streets		Other	
\$ - \$ - \$ 1,922,72 252,36 751,21 115,703 115,70 172,53 114,26 39,261 497,38 1,910,818 2,741,798 11,891,07 95,779 3,359,15 95,7020 1,055,17 1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73  1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73  2,146,40 129,628 8,453,68 2,521,55 299,649 3,640,64 79,623 1,763,011 1,842,63 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73  115,000 115,00 257,008 257,00 37,241 37,24 2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89  (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16 606,740 178,174 902,91 (535,174) (784,91 606,740 (357,000) 118,00 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94		Capital	(	Governmental	
252,36 751,21 55,14 115,703 115,703 114,26 172,53 114,26 39,261 497,38 1,891,07 95,779 3,359,15 55,020 1,055,17 1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73 1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73 257,008 257,008 257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24 2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89 (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16) 606,740 178,174 902,91 (535,174) 606,740 (357,000) 118,00 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16) 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94 31,75		Projects		Funds	 Totals
252,36 751,21 55,14 115,703 115,703 114,26 172,53 114,26 39,261 497,38 1,891,07 95,779 3,359,15 55,020 1,055,17 1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73 1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73 257,008 257,008 257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24 2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89 (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16) 606,740 178,174 902,91 (535,174) 606,740 (357,000) 118,00 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16) 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94 31,75					
252,36 751,21 55,14 115,703 115,703 114,26 172,53 114,26 39,261 497,38 1,891,07 95,779 3,359,15 55,020 1,055,17 1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73 1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73 257,008 257,008 257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24 2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89 (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16) 606,740 178,174 902,91 (535,174) 606,740 (357,000) 118,00 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16) 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94 31,75	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$ 1,922,725
751,21 55,14 115,703 115,703 115,703 1172,53 114,26 39,261 497,38 1,010,818 2,741,798 11,891,07 95,779 3,359,15 55,020 1,055,17  1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73  1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73  299,649 3,640,64 299,649 3,640,64 299,649 3,640,64 2,521,55 299,649 3,640,64 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73  115,000 115,000 257,008 37,241 37,24  2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89  (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16 606,740 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94  31,75 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94	•				252,369
115,703					751,212
172,53 114,26 39,261 497,38 1,010,818 2,741,798 11,891,07 95,779 3,359,15 55,020 1,055,17  1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73  1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73  2,146,40 129,628 8,453,68 2,521,55 299,649 3,640,64 79,623 1,763,011 1,842,63 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73  115,000 115,000 257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24  2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89  (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16) 606,740 178,174 902,91 (535,174) (784,91) 606,740 (357,000) 118,00 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16) 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94  653,510 6,638,880 15,745,69					55,144
172,53 114,26 39,261 497,38 1,010,818 2,741,798 11,891,07 95,779 3,359,15 55,020 1,055,17  1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73  2,146,40 129,628 8,453,68 2,521,55 299,649 3,640,64 79,623 1,763,011 1,842,63 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73  115,000 115,00 257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24  2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89  (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16) 606,740 178,174 902,91 (535,174) (784,91) 606,740 (357,000) 118,00 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16) 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94  6653,510 6,638,880 15,745,69				115,703	115,703
1,010,818     39,261     497,38       1,010,818     2,741,798     11,891,07       95,779     3,359,15       55,020     1,055,17       1,010,818     3,047,561     20,186,73       129,628     8,453,68       2,521,55     299,649     3,640,64       79,623     1,763,011     1,842,63       2,785,969     260,037     3,166,73       115,000     115,00     257,008     257,00       37,241     37,24       2,865,592     2,861,574     22,180,89       (1,854,774)     185,987     (1,994,16       606,740     178,174     902,91       (535,174)     (784,91       606,740     (357,000)     118,00       (1,248,034)     (171,013)     (1,876,16       653,510     6,638,880     15,713,94       653,510     6,638,880     15,745,69					172,530
1,010,818       2,741,798       11,891,07         95,779       3,359,15         55,020       1,055,17         1,010,818       3,047,561       20,186,73         129,628       8,453,68         2,521,55       299,649       3,640,64         79,623       1,763,011       1,842,63         2,785,969       260,037       3,166,73         115,000       115,00       257,008         257,008       257,00       37,241         37,241       37,24       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16         606,740       (784,91       (784,91         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69					114,267
95,779 55,020 1,055,17  1,010,818 3,047,561 20,186,73  2,146,40 129,628 8,453,68 2,521,55 299,649 3,640,64 79,623 1,763,011 1,842,63 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73  115,000 257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24  2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,85  (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16) 606,740 178,174 902,91 (535,174) (784,91 606,740 (357,000) 118,00 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16) 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94				39,261	497,388
55,020         1,055,17           1,010,818         3,047,561         20,186,73           129,628         8,453,68         2,521,55           299,649         3,640,64           79,623         1,763,011         1,842,63           2,785,969         260,037         3,166,73           115,000         115,00         257,008           257,008         257,00         37,241           37,241         37,24         22,180,89           (1,854,774)         185,987         (1,994,16           606,740         178,174         902,91           (535,174)         (784,91           606,740         (357,000)         118,00           (1,248,034)         (171,013)         (1,876,16           653,510         6,638,880         15,713,92           653,510         6,638,880         15,745,69		1,010,818		2,741,798	11,891,073
1,010,818       3,047,561       20,186,73         2,146,40       129,628       8,453,68         2,521,55       299,649       3,640,64         79,623       1,763,011       1,842,63         2,785,969       260,037       3,166,73         115,000       257,008       257,00         37,241       37,24         2,865,592       2,861,574       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16         606,740       178,174       902,91         (535,174)       (784,91         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,92         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69				95,779	3,359,155
2,146,40 129,628 8,453,68 2,521,55 299,649 3,640,64 79,623 1,763,011 1,842,63 2,785,969 260,037 3,166,73  115,000 257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24  2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89  (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16) 606,740 (178,174 902,91 (535,174) (784,91 606,740 (357,000) 118,000 (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16) 653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94				55,020	 1,055,172
129,628       8,453,68         2,521,55       299,649       3,640,64         79,623       1,763,011       1,842,63         2,785,969       260,037       3,166,73         115,000       257,008       257,00         37,241       37,24         2,865,592       2,861,574       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16)         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16)         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69		1,010,818		3,047,561	 20,186,738
129,628       8,453,68         2,521,55       299,649       3,640,64         79,623       1,763,011       1,842,63         2,785,969       260,037       3,166,73         115,000       257,008       257,00         37,241       37,24         2,865,592       2,861,574       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16)         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16)         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69					
129,628       8,453,68         2,521,55       299,649       3,640,64         79,623       1,763,011       1,842,63         2,785,969       260,037       3,166,73         115,000       257,008       257,00         37,241       37,24         2,865,592       2,861,574       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16)         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16)         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69					2 146 409
299,649       3,640,64         79,623       1,763,011       1,842,63         2,785,969       260,037       3,166,73         115,000       115,00       257,008         257,008       257,00       37,241         2,865,592       2,861,574       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16         606,740       178,174       902,91         (535,174)       (784,91         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69				120 628	
79,623       1,763,011       1,842,63         2,785,969       260,037       3,166,73         115,000       115,00         257,008       257,00         37,241       37,24         2,865,592       2,861,574       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16         606,740       178,174       902,91         (535,174)       (784,91         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69				127,020	
79,623       1,763,011       1,842,63         2,785,969       260,037       3,166,73         115,000       115,00         257,008       257,00         37,241       37,24         2,865,592       2,861,574       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16         606,740       178,174       902,91         (535,174)       (784,91         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69				299 649	
2,785,969       260,037       3,166,73         115,000       115,00         257,008       257,00         37,241       37,24         2,865,592       2,861,574       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16         606,740       178,174       902,91         (535,174)       (784,91         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69		79 623			
257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24  2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89  (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16)  606,740 178,174 902,91 (784,91)  606,740 (357,000) 118,00  (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16)  653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94  653,510 6,638,880 15,745,69					3,166,730
257,008 257,008 37,241 37,24  2,865,592 2,861,574 22,180,89  (1,854,774) 185,987 (1,994,16)  606,740 178,174 902,91 (784,91)  606,740 (357,000) 118,00  (1,248,034) (171,013) (1,876,16)  653,510 6,638,880 15,713,94  653,510 6,638,880 15,745,69					445000
37,241     37,24       2,865,592     2,861,574     22,180,89       (1,854,774)     185,987     (1,994,16)       606,740     178,174     902,91       (535,174)     (784,91)       606,740     (357,000)     118,00       (1,248,034)     (171,013)     (1,876,16)       653,510     6,638,880     15,713,94       653,510     6,638,880     15,745,69					
2,865,592       2,861,574       22,180,89         (1,854,774)       185,987       (1,994,16)         606,740       178,174       902,91         (535,174)       (784,91)         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16)         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69					
(1,854,774)     185,987     (1,994,16)       606,740     178,174     902,91       (535,174)     (784,91)       606,740     (357,000)     118,00       (1,248,034)     (171,013)     (1,876,16)       653,510     6,638,880     15,713,94       653,510     6,638,880     15,745,69				37,241	 37,241
606,740       178,174 (535,174)       902,91 (784,91)         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16)         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,92         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69		2,865,592		2,861,574	 22,180,899
606,740       178,174 (535,174)       902,91 (784,91)         606,740       (357,000)       118,00         (1,248,034)       (171,013)       (1,876,16)         653,510       6,638,880       15,713,94         653,510       6,638,880       15,745,69		(1,854,774)		185,987	(1,994,161)
(535,174)     (784,91)       606,740     (357,000)     118,00       (1,248,034)     (171,013)     (1,876,16)       653,510     6,638,880     15,713,92       653,510     6,638,880     15,745,69	_				
(535,174)     (784,91)       606,740     (357,000)     118,00       (1,248,034)     (171,013)     (1,876,16)       653,510     6,638,880     15,713,92       653,510     6,638,880     15,745,69		606 740		178 174	902,914
606,740     (357,000)     118,00       (1,248,034)     (171,013)     (1,876,16       653,510     6,638,880     15,713,94       653,510     6,638,880     15,745,69		000,740			
(1,248,034)     (171,013)     (1,876,16)       653,510     6,638,880     15,713,92       31,75       653,510     6,638,880     15,745,65	_	606,740			118,000
653,510     6,638,880     15,713,92       31,75       653,510     6,638,880     15,745,65	_				
653,510 6,638,880 15,745,69	-				
653,510 6,638,880 15,745,69		653,510		6,638,880	15,713,949
					 31,750
\$ (594,524) \$ 6,467,867 \$ 13,869,53	_	653,510		6,638,880	 15,745,699
	9	5 (594,524)	\$	6,467,867	\$ 13,869,538

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# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(1,876,161)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities differ because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the current period.		885,919
depreciation in the earrent period.		005,919
Certain receivables are reported on the government-wide statements but not on the funds because they are not available to pay for current expenditures. This is the net change in receivables for the current period.		(695,599)
Certain notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures and then offset by a deferred revenue as they are not available to pay current expenditures. When the note is collected it is reflected in revenue. This amount is the net change between notes receivable collected and issued.		41,304
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financing resources of the governmental funds. Issuance of bond principal is an other financing source and repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but issuance increases long-term liabilities and the repayment reduces long-term liabilities the statement of net assets.	the	
Repayment of bond principal Repayment of capital lease		115,000 12,612
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in a governmental fund. This is the net change in compensated absences for the current period.		(85,103)
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These are the current year changes:		
Interest payable		2,051
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as maintenance and risk management, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds is reported under governmental activities.		529,842
Change in net assets of governmental activities	•	(1,070,135)
Change in not assess of governmental activities	\$	(1,070,133)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2010

with Comparative Statement as of June 30, 2009

Business-type Activities	
Enterprise Funds	

		Emerpi	ise i unus	
	W	vater	Wast	ewater
	Current Year	Prior Year	Current Year	Prior Year
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 417,757	\$ 26,916	\$ 359,736	\$ 2,432,983
Accounts receivable, net	846,981	728,515	410,111	37,191
Interest receivable	1,950	121	2,611	15,194
Due from other governments	<b>-</b> 0.400	350,425	1,174,568	
Deferred charges	79,489	88,869		
Prepaid expenses  Total current assets	1 246 177	1 105 077	1.047.026	2 495 269
	1,346,177	1,105,977	1,947,026	2,485,368
Noncurrent Assets:			168.108	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents			467,495	467,495
Advances to other funds Capital assets not being depreciated	115	115	1,605,839	1,605,839
Construction in progress	115	115	7,181,350	2,746,173
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	33,005,320	34,302,994	11,909,445	11,992,360
Total noncurrent assets	33,005,435	34,303,109	21,164,129	16,811,867
Total assets	34,351,612	35,409,086	23,111,155	19,297,235
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	204,137	365,531	1,092,303	99,686
Interest payable	57,264	35,413	50,269	37,205
Deposits payable	396,111	376,093	5,930	5,931
Deferred revenue	369,817	49,075	-,,,,	2,221
Current portion of long term debt	1,178,050	1,172,450	312,538	298,899
Total current liabilities	2,205,379	1,998,562	1,461,040	441,721
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences	140,281	114,775	76,703	64,098
Claims payable				
Contracts payable, net of deferred				
gain and unamortized discount	9,289,200	10,159,934	1,837,250	1,120,403
Certificates of participation, net of			0.42.22	
unamortized discount			963,353	1,979,788
Revenue bonds payable, net of unamortized premium	2 004 242	2 252 104		
Advances from other funds	3,084,243 1,605,839	3,252,104 1,605,839		
Bonds payable	1,003,839	1,603,839	2,413,175	
Total noncurrent liabilities				2 164 290
	14,228,563	15,168,283	5,290,481	3,164,289
Total liabilities	16,433,942	17,166,845	6,751,521	3,606,010
NET ASSETS		40.0==		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	17,739,103	18,077,151	18,050,988	13,412,777
Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	170 567	787,721	417,226	430,290
	178,567	(622,631)	(2,108,580)	1,848,158
Total net assets	\$ 17,917,670	\$ 18,242,241	\$ 16,359,634	\$ 15,691,225

		В	Susiness-type Acti Enterprise Fund			Governmental Activities
	Solid '	Waste	Air	port	Current Year	Internal Service
Cur	rrent Year	Prior Year	Current Year	Prior Year	Totals	Funds
\$	82,270 153,239	\$ 179,476 210	\$ 563,087	\$ 539,989	\$ 1,422,850 1,410,331	\$ 1,179,441
	359		752	1,566	5,672	2,075
					1,174,568 79,489	166,138
					79,489	819,292
	235,868	179,686	563,839	541,555	4,092,910	2,166,946
			1,950	1,950	467,495 1,605,839 2,065 7,181,350	
			2,240,723	2,349,396	47,155,488	1,153,385
			2,242,673	2,351,346	56,412,237	1,153,385
	235,868	179,686	2,806,512	2,892,901	60,505,147	3,320,331
	169,006	161,755 2,229	3,888 2,100	22,979 2,250 1,385	1,469,334 107,533 404,141 369,817 1,490,588	148,971
	169,006	163,984	5,988	26,614	3,841,413	148,971
	107,000	103,501			216,984	10,505 6,682
					11,126,450	
					963,353	
					3,084,243 1,605,839 2,522,175	
		****			19,519,044	17,187
	169,006	163,984	5,988	26,614	23,360,457	166,158
			2,242,673	2,351,346	38,032,764 417,226	1,153,385
	66,862	15,702	557,851	514,941	(1,305,300)	2,000,788
\$	66,862	\$ 15,702	\$ 2,800,524	\$ 2,866,287	\$ 37,144,690	\$ 3,154,173

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

with Comparative Statements for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

# Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Wa	ater	Wastewater		
	Current Year	Prior Year	Current Year	Prior Year	
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services (net of refunds)	\$ 5,812,459	\$ 5,313,740	\$ 4,391,553	\$ 3,109,595	
Use of money and property		13,147			
Other		85,972	20,345		
Total operating revenues	5,812,459	5,412,859	4,411,898	3,109,595	
Operating Expenses:					
Salary and benefits	1,484,989	1,288,289	501,926	444,243	
Administration	354,500	305,700	218,898	223,900	
Supplies and services	2,743,103	2,630,326	2,345,806	1,609,518	
Depreciation	1,297,674	1,317,262	428,472	428,473	
Total operating expenses	5,880,266	5,541,577	3,495,102	2,706,134	
Operating income (loss)	(67,807)	(128,718)	916,796	403,461	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Impact fees		35,025		34,729	
Use of money and property	23,133	1,647	14,997	98,504	
Amortization of gain (loss) on debt refunding	274,481	293,332	(12,950)		
Intergovernmental revenue (expense)	21,870	818,944	( ) ,		
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(576,248)	(587,298)	(132,434)	(161,599)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(256,764)	561,650	(130,387)	(28,366)	
Income (Loss) before transfers	(324,571)	432,932	786,409	375,095	
Transfers:					
Transfers out			(118,000)		
Total change in net assets before capital contributions	(324,571)	432,932	668,409	375,095	
Capital contributions		53,794	***************************************	74,628	
Changes in net assets	(324,571)	486,726	668,409	449,723	
Total Net Assets - beginning	18,242,241	17,755,515	15,691,225	15,241,502	
Prior Period Adjustments			***************************************		
Total Net Assets (Deficit) - beginning, restated	18,242,241	17,755,515	15,691,225	15,241,502	
, , , , ,					
Total Net Assets - ending	\$17,917,670	\$18,242,241	\$16,359,634	\$15,691,225	

	Business-Ty Enterpri	pe Activities se Funds			Governmental Activities
Solid	Waste	Air	port	Current Year	Internal Service
Current Year	Prior Year	Current Year	Prior Year	Totals	Funds
\$ 1,138,612	\$ 1,186,247	\$ 977 129,456 290	\$ 880 131,238	\$ 11,343,601 129,456 20,635	\$ 2,258,604 633,943
1,138,612	1,186,247	130,723	132,118	11,493,692	2,892,547
1,020,442	1,183,846	2,121 5,300 83,240 108,673	8,000 157,160 188,159	1,989,036 578,698 6,192,591 1,834,819	434,243 2,344,352 126,150
1,020,442	1,183,846	199,334	353,319	10,595,144	2,904,745
118,170	2,401	(68,611)	(221,201)	898,548	(12,198)
1,231	198	2,848	8,473 182,656	42,209 261,531 21,870 (708,682)	7,982 534,058
1,231	198	2,848	191,129	(383,072)	542,040
119,401	2,599	(65,763)	(30,072)	515,476	529,842
				(118,000)	
119,401	2,599	(65,763)	(30,072)	397,476	529,842
119,401	2,599	(65,763)	(30,072)	397,476	529,842
	•	, , ,			
15,702	13,103	2,866,287	2,896,359	36,815,455	1,680,685
(68,241)	•	N		(68,241)	943,646
(52,539)	13,103	2,866,287	2,896,359	36,747,214	2,624,331
\$ 66,862	\$ 15,702	\$ 2,800,524	\$ 2,866,287	\$ 37,144,690	\$ 3,154,173

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

with Comparative Statements for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

		Enterpris	or unus	
	Wa	ater	Waste	ewater
	Current Year	Prior Year	Current Year	Prior Year
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers and users Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash received from (payments to) other funds	\$ 5,714,011 (3,258,997)	\$ 4,707,128 (2,946,815) (480,385)	\$ 4,038,978 (1,572,087)	\$ 3,088,469 (2,160,967)
Cash payments for claims  Cash payments for employees and benefit programs	(1,459,483)	(1,281,885)	(489,322)	(432,774)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	995,531	(1,957)	1,977,569	494,728
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers out Intergovernmental revenue (expense)	21,870		(118,000)	
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	21,870		(118,000)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Impact fees Intergovernmental revenue (expense) Purchase of capital assets Loan proceeds Advances from (to) other funds Principal paid on debt Interest paid on debt and fiscal charges	671,167 (1,172,450) (146,581)	35,025 501,769 (843,574) 53,794 1,605,839 (1,171,451) (164,772)	(1,174,568) (4,780,734) 2,413,175 (298,899) (119,370)	34,729 (1,104,700) 74,628 (1,605,839) (280,353) (141,614)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(647,864)	16,630	(3,960,396)	(3,023,149)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received	21,304	12,243	27,580	117,848
Net cash provided by investing activities	21,304	12,243	27,580	117,848
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	390,841	26,916	(2,073,247)	(2,410,573)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR	26,916		2,432,983	4,843,556
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR	\$ 417,757	\$ 26,916	\$ 359,736	\$ 2,432,983
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 417,757	\$ 26,916	\$ 359,736	\$ 2,432,983
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 417,757	\$ 26,916	\$ 359,736	\$ 2,432,983

			ype Activities ise Funds			Governmental Activities
	Solid	Waste Prior Year	Air Current Year	port Prior Year	Current Year Totals	Internal Service Fund
\$		\$ 1,185,964 (1,177,670)	\$ 130,723 (107,781)	\$ 132,118 (166,591)	\$10,869,295 (6,020,297)	\$ 2,892,547 (2,318,576)
			(2,121)		(1,950,926)	(7,368) (432,362)
	(95,849)	8,294	20,821	(34,473)	2,898,072	134,241
					(118,000) 21,870	
					(96,130)	
	(2,229)		(1,385)	192,656 (38,453)	(507,015) (4,780,734) 2,413,175 (1,471,349) (265,951)	543,653 (339,312)
	(2,229)		(1,385)	154,203	(4,611,874)	204,341
	872	198_	3,662	8,972	53,418	9,672
	872	198	3,662	8,972	53,418	9,672
	(97,206)	8,492	23,098	128,702	(1,756,514)	348,254
	179,476	170,984	539,989	411,287	3,179,364	831,187
\$_	82,270	\$ 179,476	\$ 563,087	\$ 539,989	\$ 1,422,850	\$ 1,179,441
\$	82,270 82,270	\$ 179,476 \$ 179,476	\$ 563,087 \$ 563,087	\$ 539,989 \$ 539,989	\$ 1,422,850 \$ 1,422,850	\$ 1,179,441
						(Continued)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

with Comparative Statements for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### (Continued)

#### Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

		—————		
	Water		Waste	water
	Current Year	Prior Year	Current Year	Prior Year
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (67,807)	\$ (128,718)	\$ 916,796	\$ 403,461
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to				
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	1,297,674	1,317,262	428,472	428,473
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(118,466)	(656,246)	(372,920)	(11,219)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(161,394)	(10,789)	992,616	(327,549)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	25,506	6,404	12,605	11,469
Increase (decrease) claims payable				
(Increase) decrease in prepaid		(480,385)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		(33,043)		(15,838)
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable	20,018	(16,442)		5,931
Total adjustments	1,063,338	126,761	1,060,773	91,267
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$ 995,531	\$ (1,957)	\$ 1,977,569	\$ 494,728

	·	ype Activities ise Funds			Governmental Activities
Solid	Waste	Air	port	Current Year	Internal Service
Current Year	Prior Year	Current Year	Prior year	Totals	Fund
\$ 118,170	\$ 2,401	\$ (68,611)	\$ (221,201)	\$ 898,548	\$ (12,198)
(153,029)	6,878	108,673	188,159	1,834,819 (644,415)	126,150
(60,990)	6,176	(19,091)	224	751,141 38,111	103,258 1,881
					(7,368) (77,482)
	(7,161)	(150)	(1,415) (240)	19,868	
(214,019)	5,893	89,432	186,728	1,999,524	146,439
\$ (95,849)	\$ 8,294	\$ 20,821	\$ (34,473)	\$ 2,898,072	\$ 134,241

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Brawley (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below:

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Brawley is located in the southeastern part of the State of California, in the center of Imperial County, which with water provided by canal from the Colorado River, makes this one of the most fertile agricultural areas in the country. The City was incorporated on April 6, 1908, under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities.

The City is governed by a five member Council, elected at large for four years on staggered schedules. The Council selects the Mayor from its members, generally for a one year term. The Council has hired a City Manager to administer the daily affairs of the City.

The services provided by the City include police, fire, street maintenance, parks, recreation, library, water, wastewater, solid waste, airport, housing, planning, building inspection, and general administrative services.

A key element of the City's financial management process is the preparation of the annual budget. Each year the City Manager presents to City Council a proposed budget, which includes all current balances and expected revenues and other financing sources of the City, and describes by department how those resources will be utilized. Under terms of various grant and financing agreements, the budget is to be adopted by the end of May, prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The budget is adopted by motion of the City Council, and if amended, generally is done by resolution.

These basic financial statements present the financial status of the City and its component units, which are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Component unit financial statements may be obtained from the City's Department of Finance.

**Blended Component Units** – Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations.

**Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Brawley** – The Brawley Community Redevelopment Agency was established on April 5, 1976, pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 33000. The primary purpose of the Agency is to encourage private redevelopment of property and to rehabilitate areas suffering from economic disuse. The members of the City Council act as the governing body of the Agency and therefore, the Agency is reported as if it were part of the primary government.

**Brawley Public Improvement Corporation** – The Brawley Public Improvement Corporation was formed in October 1986 to issue certificates of participation to finance the construction of a wastewater treatment facility and issued additional certificates of participation in 1997 to finance a new water treatment plant. The only financial activity of the Public Improvement Corporation is the issuance and repayment of the certificates of participation and receipt of lease payments from the City pursuant to lease agreements between the City and the Public Improvement Corporation. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Public Improvement Corporation is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and construct public facilities.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational need of a particular program, and (c) fees, grants, and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental*, *proprietary*, *and fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operation of the fund. All other revenues are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

#### C. Major Funds

GASB Statement No. 34, defines major funds and requires that the City's major governmental funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called nonmajor funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

#### C. Major Funds (Continued)

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

#### **General Fund**

This fund accounts for all financial resources except those to be accounted for in another fund. It is the general operating fund of the City.

#### **Economic and Community Development Fund**

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of the Community Development Block Grant program and the related program income.

#### Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for resources used to encourage private redevelopment of property and to rehabilitate areas suffering from economic disuse.

#### Streets Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for resources set aside for major improvements to local streets and roads.

The City reported the following major proprietary funds:

#### Water Fund

This fund accounts for the costs of treatment and distribution of drinking water to the community.

#### Wastewater Fund

This fund accounts for the costs of collection, treatment and disposal of sewage generated in the community.

#### Solid Waste Fund

This fund accounts for the costs of collection and disposal of trash and garbage generated in the community.

#### Airport Fund

This fund accounts for the costs of the City owned municipal airport. Although the amounts are not as significant as the other proprietary funds, this is the only other proprietary fund maintained by the City.

The City reported the following internal service funds:

#### **Internal Service Funds**

These funds account for maintenance of the City's fleet of vehicles and certain public facilities, and the costs of providing insurance, including risks maintained by the City, for general liability, property damage, unemployment benefits, workers' compensation, and employee health benefits.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

#### D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable and available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within thirty days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes and interest revenue. Sales taxes, and other amounts collected and held by the state at fiscal year end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue. Fines, licenses, permits and other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net assets may be available to finance program expenditures/expenses. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and cash equivalents as short term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds except for funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures and funds for the Brawley Community Redevelopment Agency. Cash equivalents have an original maturity date of three months or less from the date of purchase.

#### F. Cash and Investments

Most cash balances of the City's funds and some of its component units are pooled and invested by the City Treasurer. Unless otherwise dictated by legal or contractual requirements, income earned or losses arising from the investment pooled cash are allocated on a monthly basis to the participating funds and component units based on their proportionate shares of the average weekly cash balance.

Investments are stated at fair value. Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the City's cash and investment pool and restricted, non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

#### G. Receivables

Revenue from taxpayer-assessed taxes (sales and use, business license, gas, and franchise fees) is accrued in the Governmental Funds when they are both measurable and available. The City considers these taxes available if they are received within 30 days after fiscal year end.

Grants, entitlements, or shared revenues are recorded as receivables and revenues in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds when they are received or susceptible to accrual. Grants awarded for Proprietary Funds are recorded as receivables and nonoperating revenues when they are earned and are measurable.

Utility service accounts receivable are reported net of allowance for doubtful collections.

#### H. Interfund Transactions

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from one fund that statue or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statue or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in the other funds in accordance with budget authorizations.

#### I. Property Tax

The City's property taxes are levied on the first day of January by the County assessor, and are payable to the County tax collector in two installments.

The first installment is due November 1<sup>st</sup>, and is delinquent after December 10<sup>th</sup>; the second installment is due February 1<sup>st</sup> and is delinquent after April 10<sup>th</sup>. Taxes become a lien on the property on January 1<sup>st</sup>, and on the date of the transfer of the title, and the date of new construction.

The minimum property value which is taxed is \$2,000; however, tax bills are prepared for properties valued at less than \$2,000 if there is a special assessment to be collected.

Article 13A of the California Constitution states: "The maximum amount of any ad valorem tax on real property shall not exceed one percent (1%) of the full cash value of such property. The one percent tax is to be collected by the Counties and appointed according to law to the districts within the counties."

The City has elected under State law (TEETER) to receive all of the annual property assessments in three installments as follows:

December	55%
April	40%
June	5%
	100%

#### J. <u>Inventory</u>

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories for governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### K. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

#### L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 for property, plant, and equipment and \$25,000 for infrastructure. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over their estimated lives of 2 to 50 years.

#### M. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits and sick leave. All vacation and sick leave benefits are accrued as earned by employees. All vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

#### N. Self-insurance

The City is self-insured for worker's compensation, general liability, auto liability, and certain other risks. The City's workers' compensation activities are funded and accounted for separately in the fund financial statements based upon the activities of each fund. The current portion of claims liability are accounted for in the General Fund and the enterprise funds on the basis of settlements reached or judgments entered within the current fiscal year. In the government-wide financial statements and the enterprise fund financial statements, the estimated liability for all self-insurance liability claims is recorded as a liability.

#### O. Long-term Debt, Discount, Premiums, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### P. Net Assets and Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories under GASB Statement No. 34. These captions apply only to net assets, which are determined only at the government-wide level, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds are described below.

*Invested in capital assets, net of related debt* describes the portion of net assets which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of net assets which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, redevelopment funds restricted for low-and-moderate income purposes, and gas tax funds for street construction.

Unrestricted describes the portion of net assets which is not restricted as to use.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change

#### Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the GASB and the AICPA, require management to make assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### R. Fiscal Year

The fiscal year of the City begins on July 1 and ends on June 30.

#### S. <u>Use of Restricted Resources</u>

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### T. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior fiscal year has been presented in certain statements of the accompanying financial statements, in order to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations.

#### U. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City has implemented the requirements of GASB Statements No. 51, No. 53, No. 57 and No. 58 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

# GASB Statement No. 51 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets". This Statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2009. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets to reduce these inconsistencies, thereby enhancing the comparability of the accounting and financial reporting of such assets among state and local governments. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on these financial statements.

#### U. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

#### GASB Statement No. 53 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments". This Statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2009. This Statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on these financial statements.

#### GASB Statement No. 57 - OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans". This Statement establishes standards for the measurement and financial reporting of actuarially determined information by agent employers with individual-employer OPEB plans that have fewer than 100 total plan members and by the agent multiple-employer OPEB plans in which they participate. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on these financial statements.

#### GASB Statement No. 58 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies". This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2009. The objective of this Statement is to provide accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. It requires governments to remeasure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms (that is, approves) a new payment plan. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on these financial statements.

# NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council is required to adopt an annual budget resolution by July 1<sup>st</sup> of each fiscal year for the General Fund, special revenue, capital projects, debt service, and enterprise funds. These budgets are adopted and presented for reporting purposes on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The City Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the fiscal year.

#### B. Deficit Fund Balances

At June 30, 2010, the following funds had an accumulated deficit:

Fund	 Amount
Major Fund:	
Streets Capital Projects Fund	\$ 594,524
Nonmajor Funds:	
Downtown Parking Special Revenue Fund	551
Dial-a-ride Special Revenue Fund	14,640

These fund balance deficits are primarily due to the City incurring costs in excess of revenues. The City will alleviate these deficits as revenues are received.

#### C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

There were no major funds with excess of expenditures over appropriation.

There was no legally adopted budget for the major fund – Streets Capital Projects Fund.

# NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2010 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Primary Government:	
Statement of net assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 17,803,539
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	 888,069
Total cash and investments, Statement of Net Assets	\$ 18,691,608
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2010 consist of the following:	
Cash on hand	\$ 2,875
Deposits with financial institutions	526,989
Investments	 18,161,744
Total cash and investments	\$ 18,691,608

# A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Brawley (City) by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Percentage of Portfolio	Investment in One Issuer
Local Government Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	10%	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	5 years	10%	None
Banker's Acceptances	270 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper, Prime Quality	180 days	40%	10%
Time Certificates of Deposit	3 years	25%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3 years	30%	None
Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements	1 year	20%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	15%
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	\$ 50 Million

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

			Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Mortgage-backed Securities	3 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	360 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	None	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	None	None	None
Investment Agreements	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	None

#### C. <u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		s)				
Investment Type	Totals	12 Months or Less	13 to 24  Months	25-60 Months	More Than 60 Months	
Local Agency Investment Fund Held by debt trustees:	\$ 17,273,675	\$ 17,273,675	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Money Market Mutual Funds	888,069	888,069				
	\$ 18,161,744	\$ 18,161,744	\$ -	\$ -		

#### D. <u>Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations</u>

The City has no investments including investments held by bond trustees that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations.

#### NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### E. <u>Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk</u>

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

					Rating as of Fiscal Year End					
Investment Type	-	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	F	empt rom closure	Whiteham	AAA	AA	A	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund Held by debt trustees:	\$	17,273,675	N/A	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,273,675
Money Market Mutual Funds		888,069	•				888,069	-		
	_\$	18,161,744	_	\$	-	\$	888,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,273,675

#### F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. There was no investment in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of total City investments.

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits; The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2010, none of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in uncollateralized accounts.

#### Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

# NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

#### A. Long-Term Advances

Advances to/from other funds are non-current interfund loans and are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriations and are not expendable available financial resources.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	***************************************	Amount		
Enterprise Fund: Wastewater Fund	Enterprise Fund: Water Fund	\$	1,605,839		

#### B. Interfund Transfers

	Transfers In			Transfers Out		
Major Governmental Funds:	•		**********			
General	\$	118,000	\$	_		
Streets Capital Projects		606,740				
CRA Capital				249,740		
Major Enterprise Fund:						
Wastewater				118,000		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:						
Development Impact				357,000		
Measure D				36,780		
SB 325		178,174				
Gas Tax				141,394		
Totals	\$	902,914	\$	902,914		

In general, the City uses interfund transfers to (1) move revenues from the funds that collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to help finance various programs and capital projects accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization, and (3) move cash to debt service funds from the funds responsible for payment as debt service payments become due.

In general, the effect of the interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### B. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of normal operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds". The following presents a summary of current interfund balances at June 30, 2010.

Receivable Fund	A	Amount Payable Fund		Amount
Major Governmental Fund:			Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
General	\$	15,205	Downtown Parking	\$ 565
Totals	\$	15,205	Dial-a-Ride	14,640
		William a constraint the second	Totals	\$ 15,205

# NOTE 5 – LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable amounts primarily represent loans made for redevelopment, economic development, and property rehabilitation.

# Economic & Community Development Special Revenue Fund

CDBG loan to Valley Lube & Wash, receivable in installments of \$1,109.53 per month including interest at 6%. Secured by deed of trust.	\$ 97,972
CDBG loan to IV Home Health Care receivable in installments of \$2,796.45 per month including interest at 4.5%. Due 5 years from date of execution. Secured by deed of trust.	91,564
Note to Brawley Beef, LLC receivable in the amount of \$200,000. First payment on the note is due 3/13/2010 in amount of 20% of principal and accrued interest at 1% per annum. Payments will be forgiven as long as Brawley Beef, LLC follows certain employment covenants.	200,000
Loan to Luis Rodriguez, individually and DBA Moyle Electric receivable in installments of \$368.33 per month including interest at 4%. Secured by deed of trust.	2,544
Loan to Merry Haynes & Sheila Riley, DBA The Rock Coffee Shop and Café receivable in installments of \$1,822.18 per month including interest at 4.75%. Secured by deed of trust.	70,380
CDBG loan to A&S Health Services receivable in installments of \$2,416.60 per month including interest at 6%. Secured by deed of trust.	7,178
HOME Investment Partnerships Program Loan to BESA, L.P., C/O Chelsea Investment Corporation. Annual payments are in the amount equal to 50% of the residual receipts from the apartment complex. Payments are due 90 days following the end of the calender year with respect to the preceding year.	3,400,000
Loan to Edward and Martha Singh receivable in the installment of \$756.45 per month including interest at 6.5%. Secured by deed of trust.	42,409
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	42,409
Deferred notes receivable. No installment payments of principal or interest are required until the loans reach their maturity. Secured by deeds of trust.	 4,975,162
	 8,887,209
Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund	
Loan to Larry Allen receivable in installments of \$2,703.81 per month including interest at 6%. Secured by deed of trust.	\$ 260,701
	\$ 260,701

# NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance as of July 1, 2009				Deletions Transfers		Balance as of June 30, 2010		
Governmental Activites				tautions		ictions	 i i alisicis		ane 30, 2010
Nondepreciable capital assets									
Land		3,293	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	823,293
Construction in progress	2,55	5,877		2,810,893			 (764,819)		4,601,951
Total nondepreciable									
capital assets	3,37	9,170		2,810,893			 (764,819)		5,425,244
Depreciable capital assets									
Equipment	7,28	9,435		572,185					7,861,620
Buildings		4,620		24,900					6,369,520
Improvements other than buildings	· ·	8,769		86,410			764,819		6,849,998
Infrastructure	15,06	0,833					 		15,060,833
Total depreciable capital assets	34,69	3,657		683,495			 764,819		36,141,971
Less accumulated depreciation							,		
Equipment	(4,44	1,158)		(542,995)					(4,984,153)
Buildings	(2,16	0,035)		(178,271)					(2,338,306)
Improvements other than buildings		6,248)		(419,835)					(1,696,083)
Infrastructure	(4,09	6,413)		(1,254,206)			 		(5,350,619)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,97	3,854)		(2,395,307)			 		(14,369,161)
Net depreciable capital assets	22,71	9,803		(1,711,812)			 764,819		21,772,810
Net capital assets	\$ 26,09	8,973	\$	1,099,081	\$	_	\$ -	\$	27,198,054

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$	398,232
Public safety	J	545,167
Streets and highways		1,020,488
Community development		210,428
Culture and recreation		220,992
otal Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	2,395,307

	Balance as of July 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance as of June 30, 2010
Business-type Activities				
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 2,065	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,065
Construction in progress	2,746,173	4,435,177		7,181,350
Total nondepreciable				
capital assets	2,748,238	4,435,177		7,183,415
Depreciable capital assets				
Equipment	2,467,706			2,467,706
Buildings	30,959,413			30,959,413
Improvements other than buildings	4,396,014	345,557		4,741,571
Conveyance systems	34,714,527			34,714,527
Total depreciable capital assets	72,537,660	345,557		72,883,217
Less accumulated depreciation				
Equipment	(1,475,462)	(94,034)		(1,569,496)
Buildings	(9,370,168)	(914,031)		(10,284,199)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,985,323)	(107,317)		(2,092,640)
Conveyance systems	(11,061,957)	(719,437)		(11,781,394)
Total accumulated depreciation	(23,892,910)	(1,834,819)		(25,727,729)
Net depreciable capital assets	48,644,750	(1,489,262)		47,155,488
Net capital assets	\$ 51,392,988	\$ 2,945,915	\$ -	\$ 54,338,903

# NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-types activities as follows:

Water	\$ 1,297,674
Wastewater	428,472
Airport	 108,673
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$ 1,834,819

#### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

#### Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity of the City's governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

	alance as of uly 1, 2009	A	dditions	R	eductions	alance as of ne 30, 2010	ue Within Ine Year
Governmental Activities:						 	
Tax allocation bonds 2006	\$ 5,765,000	\$	-	\$	(115,000)	\$ 5,650,000	\$ 115,000
Capital lease	126,832				(12,612)	114,220	13,425
Claims payable	215,886				(209, 204)	6,682	,
Compensated absences	938,570		86,984		. , ,	1,025,554	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 7,046,288	\$	86,984	\$	(336,816)	\$ 6,796,456	\$ 128,425

#### 2006 Tax Allocation Bonds Payable

On October 3, 2006, the Community Redevelopment Agency issued \$5,875,000 of 2006 Tax Allocation Bonds. Interest is payable semiannually each April 1 and October 1 with principal due each October 1 beginning in 2008 with final maturity in 2036. The bonds were issued with interest rates varying between 3.65% and 5.00% Proceeds from the issue are to be used to finance improvements, fund a reserve account, fund a capitalized interest account, and pay costs of issuance. Tax increment revenue is pledged against the bonds. The balance payable at June 30, 2010 is \$5,650,000.

The scheduled annual minimum debt service requirements at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
Ended June 30,	Timerpai	Interest	1 Otal
2011	\$ 115,000	\$ 252,954	\$ 367,954
2012	120,000	248,752	368,752
2013	125,000	244,280	369,280
2014	130,000	239,530	369,530
2015	135,000	234,527	369,527
2016-2020	760,000	1,085,150	1,845,150
2021-2025	935,000	904,406	1,839,406
2026-2030	1,175,000	667,131	1,842,131
2031-2035	1,460,000	360,790	1,820,790
2036-2037	695,000	35,125	730,125
Totals	\$ 5,650,000	\$ 4,272,645	\$ 9,922,645

# NOTE 7 -LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

#### Capital Lease

The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a park facility lighting system having a purchase price of \$149,731. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2010, including interest are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		]	nterest	Total		
2011	\$	13,425	\$	7,360	\$	20,785	
2012		14,290		6,495		20,785	
2013		15,210		5,575		20,785	
2014		16,190		4,594		20,784	
2015		17,110		3,675		20,785	
2016-2017		37,995		3,575		41,570	
Total	\$	114,220	\$	31,274	\$	145,494	

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity of the City's business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

	Balance as of July 1, 2009	Additions	Reductions	Balance as of June 30, 2010	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities:					
Contracts payable	\$ 14,192,467	\$ -	\$ (1,136,449)	\$ 13,056,018	\$ 1,140,088
Deferred gain	1,867,119		(274,481)	1,592,638	(255,038)
Unamortized discount	(2,783,417)	ı	401,297	(2,382,120)	374,937
Certificates of participation	1,330,000		(160,000)	1,170,000	170,000
Unamortized discount	(49,596)		12,950	(36,646)	11,032
Revenue bonds payable	3,385,000		(160,000)	3,225,000	165,000
Unamortized premium	27,105		(2,861)	24,244	(2,774)
Deferred Charges	(88,869)		9,380	(79,489)	9,005
Bonds payable	139,400		(14,900)	124,500	15,500
CSWRCB Loan		2,413,175		2,413,175	•
Compensated absences	178,873	38,111		216,984	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 18,198,082	\$ 2,451,286	\$ (1,325,064)	\$ 19,324,304	\$ 1,627,750

## Water Enterprise Fund: Contracts Payable and Defeased Certificates of Participation

On May 5, 1998, the Brawley Public Improvement Corporation sold Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$17,755,000 with an average interest rate of 4.88% to advance refund \$17,755,000 of then outstanding 1996 Certificates of Participation with an average interest rate of 6.27%. As a result, the 1996 Certificates are considered to be defeased and the liability for those certificates has been removed from the Water Enterprise Fund. The balance of the 1996 refunded certificates outstanding as of June 30, 2010 is \$13,660,000.

On July 2, 2001, the City borrowed \$15,823,475 from the California Department of Water Resources (DOWR), at an interest rate of 0 %, to advance refund \$16,050,000 of outstanding 1998 Certificates of Participation with an average interest rate of 4.88 %. The proceeds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1998 Certificates of Participation. As a result, the 1998 Certificates are considered to be defeased and the liability for those certificates has been removed from the Water Enterprise Fund. The balance of 1998 refunded certificates outstanding as of June 30, 2010 is \$11,960,000.

# NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Water Enterprise Fund: Contracts Payable and Defeased Certificates of Participation (Continued)

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$2,119,886. This difference, to be reported in the financial statements as a deduction from contracts payable, is being charged to operations through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 using the effective interest method. The balance payable as of June 30, 2010, including deferred gain of \$1,210,520, and net of unamortized discount of \$2,000,002 is \$7,913,428. Debt service requirements to maturity on the contract, which includes imputed interest, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Inputed Interest	Total			
2011	\$ 475,494	\$ 315,680	\$	791,174		
2012	498,560	292,613		791,173		
2013	522,746	268,428		791,174		
2014	548,105	243,069		791,174		
2015	574,693	216,480		791,173		
2016-2020	3,319,698	636,171		3,955,869		
2021	 763,612	 27,561		791,173		
	\$ 6,702,908	\$ 2,000,002	\$	8,702,910		

On April 23, 2002, the City borrowed \$4,127,516 from the DOWR, at an interest rate of 0%, to refund a previous DOWR contract having a balance of \$4,852,058 with an interest rate of 3.0315 %. The City also paid \$724,542 towards the refunding. As result, the previous contract has been repaid and the liability has been removed from the Water Enterprise Fund.

There is no difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of the old debt. The balance payable as June 30, 2010, including deferred gain of \$382,118 and net of unamortized discount of \$382,118 is \$2,373,320. Debt service requirements to maturity which includes imputed interest, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	 Inputed Interest	Total		
2011	\$ 147,119	\$ 59,257	\$	206,376	
2012	151,613	54,763		206,376	
2013	156,244	50,132		206,376	
2014	161,016	45,360		206,376	
2015	165,935	40,441		206,376	
2016-2020	908,865	123,013		1,031,878	
2021-2023	 300,410	 9,152		309,562	
	\$ 1,991,202	\$ 382,118	\$	2,373,320	

Water Enterprise Fund: Revenue Bonds Payable

On October 1, 2004, the City participated in a pooled revenue bond issue with the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA). The CSCDA issued \$4,000,000 of revenue bonds on behalf of the City for its Water enterprise fund, at an average interest rate of 4.37% and a final maturity of October 1, 2024. The balance payable as of June 30, 2010, including unamortized premium of \$24,244 is \$3,249,244. The balance of unamortized costs of issuance is \$79,489. Debt service requirements to maturity on the revenue bonds are as follows:

# NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Water Enterprise Fund: Revenue Bonds Payable (Continued)

Fiscal	Year

Ending June 30,	ding June 30, Principal Interest		Interest		 Total
2011	\$	165,000	\$	135,178	\$ 300,178
2012		170,000		130,108	300,108
2013		175,000		124,499	299,499
2014		180,000		118,418	298,418
2015		185,000		111,892	296,892
2016-2020		1,045,000		443,293	1,488,293
2021-2025		1,305,000		169,375	 1,474,375
	\$	3,225,000	_\$	1,232,763	\$ 4,457,763

#### Water Enterprise Fund: Water District Bonds Payable

On June 1, 1977, the Brawley County Water District issued Bonds totalling \$368,000. Subsequently, the Brawley County Water District was annexed by the City at which time these outstanding bonds became a reportable obligation of the City. All funds to pay the outstanding bonds continue to be collected and paid by the County of Imperial. The bonds bear interest at a rate of 5% with a final maturity date of June 1, 2017. The balance as of June 30, 2010 is \$124,500. Debt service requirements to maturity on the Water District Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year

Ending June 30,	F	Principal	]	nterest	 Total
2011	\$	15,500	\$	6,225	\$ 21,725
2012		16,500		5,450	21,950
2013		17,000		4,625	21,625
2014		18,100		3,775	21,875
2015		18,100		2,870	20,970
2016-2017		39,300		2,975	42,275
	\$	124,500	\$	25,920	\$ 150,420

### Wastewater Enterprise Fund: Contracts Payable

As of June 30, 2010, the City has received advances totalling \$2,759,775 from the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB). The purpose is to help finance improvements to the wastewater system. The balance payable as of June 30, 2010 is \$1,979,788. Debt service requirements to maturity on the contract are as follows:

Fiscal Year

Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest	Total		
2011	\$ 142,538	\$ 50,003		\$	192,541	
2012	146,273	146,273 46,220			192,493	
2013	150,105		42,337		192,442	
2014	154,038		38,353		192,391	
2015	158,074		34,265		192,339	
2016-2020	854,704		106,141		960,845	
2021-2023	 374,056		9,864		383,920	
	\$ 1,979,788	\$	\$ 327,183		2,306,971	

### NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Wastewater Enterprise Fund: Certificates of Participation

On December 11, 1997, the City of Brawley Public Improvement Corporation sold Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$2,845,000 with an average interest rate of 4.62% to refund on a current basis \$2,520,000 of outstanding 1987 Certificates of Participation with an average interest rate of 7.00%. The Certificates are payable solely from lease payments pursuant to a lease agreement between the City and the Public Improvement Corporation. The City is required under the lease agreement to make lease payments as rental for use and possession of the wastewater treatment facility which are equal to the debt service requirements of the Certificates. The balance payable as of June 30, 2010, net of unamortized discount of \$36,646 is \$1,133,354. Debt service requirements to maturity on the certificates of participation are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total			
2011	\$	170,000	\$ 58,160	\$	228,160		
2012		180,000	50,000		230,000		
2013		190,000	41,000		231,000		
2014		200,000	31,500		231,500		
2015		210,000	21,500		231,500		
2016		220,000	 11,000		231,000		
		1,170,000	\$ 213,160	\$	1,383,160		

### NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

An internal service fund is used to account for the City's risk management and insurance programs, including self-insurance, commercial insurance, and participation in a public entity risk pool. Operating revenues of this fund consist of payments from other City funds and are based upon estimated cost of excess insurance premiums, self-insurance losses, and other operating expenses.

The City is self-insured for unemployment claims. Health insurance is purchased from an independent carrier. The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority) for workers' compensation and for liability and property damage coverage as outlined below.

The Authority is a consortium of 107 California public entities. The Authority's governing board consists of one member from each participating agency and is responsible for the selection of management as well as budgeting and financing. Insurance activities are financed by charges to members, and no long-term debt has been incurred. Actual annual premiums are determined using a retrospective method. At June 30, 2010, and as in the prior fiscal year, the City was self-insured for each general liability loss to the extent of \$30,000. At June 30, 2010, and as in the prior fiscal year, the City was self-insured for each workers' compensation loss to the extent of \$50,000. Losses above \$30,000 for general liability, and above \$50,000 for workers' compensation, are shared by the participating agencies, or covered by excess insurance coverage obtained by the Authority.

The City has had no settlements which exceeded insurance coverage in the last three fiscal years, and no changes in insurance coverage from the prior year.

#### NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

# NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

#### **SERAF Contingency**

During the fiscal year 2008-2009, the State of California experienced a severe budgetary crisis. Various "budget trailer bills" were passed by the state legislature to balance the state's budget, including bills that required California redevelopment agencies to transfer funds to the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) and Supplemental Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF) administered by the various county auditor-controllers. Noted below is a general explanation of the ERAF and SERAF legislation, together with the effect of this legislation on the Hughson Redevelopment Agency (the Agency).

#### **ERAF** Contribution

Pursuant to AB 1389, a budget trailer bill, California redevelopment agencies were required to make ERAF contributions totaling \$350 million.

In response to AB 1389, the California Redevelopment Association (CRA) filed a lawsuit against the State of California (California Redevelopment Association et al v. Genest), challenging the constitutionality of the required ERAF contributions. On April 30, 2009, the Sacramento Superior Court held in favor of CRA, ruling that AB 1389 was unconstitutional. On September 28, 2009, the State of California announced its decision not to appeal the decision in "Genest". Accordingly, the Superior Court's decision is now final and binding, and California redevelopment agencies will not be required to make the ERAF contributions pursuant to AB 1389.

#### **SERAF** Contributions

Pursuant to AB 26 4x, a budget trailer bill, California redevelopment agencies were required to make SERAF contributions totaling \$1.7 billion for the fiscal year 2009-2010 and \$350 million for the fiscal year 2010-2011. Under AB 26 4x, agencies may borrow a portion of the required contributions from their low and moderate income housing fund. Alternatively, sponsoring governmental agencies (the cities or counties) may elect to pay the SERAF contributions on behalf of their redevelopment agencies. On October 20, 2009, the (CRA) filed a class action lawsuit on behalf of all California redevelopment agencies challenging the SERAF obligations as unconstitutional.

The Agency's SERAF contributions are \$667,752 for the fiscal year 2009-2010 and estimated to be \$137,000 for 2010-2011. It is the position of Agency officials that the SERAF contributions required by AB 26 4x are unconstitutional, and that the Agency is not obligated to make these contributions, however, the Agency has made the contribution for 2009-2010.

# NOTE 10 - NON-COMMITMENT DEBT

The City issued \$5,200,000 of multifamily housing revenue bonds through the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) to assist a developer in the construction of an apartment complex for senior citizens, including those of low income. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from income generated by the property. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds and accordingly, the bonds are not recorded as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2010, the amounts of bonds outstanding totaled \$5,200,000.

Also, to assist in the construction of this apartment complex, the City received a grant from the Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) Program, and \$3,400,000 of the grant was loaned to the developer. The terms of the loan provide for an interest rate of 1 percent and a repayment term of 55 years, with payments to be made from the "residual receipts" of the project as defined in the loan agreement.

#### **NOTE 11 – JOINT VENTURES**

#### Local Transportation Authority:

The City is a participant, along with Imperial County and the other cities in the county, in the Imperial County Local Transportation Authority (LTA). The LTA is considered a joint venture without equity interest. The City is also not obligated in any manner for debt of the LTA. Each participating jurisdiction appoints one member to the governing board of the LTA. The LTA was approved by voters of Imperial County at a special election on November 8, 1989. The ballot measure (Measure D) increased the sales tax in Imperial County by one-half of one percent (0.5%) for a period of twenty years, to provide funding for transportation improvements. The revenues are allocated to each participating jurisdiction based on a formula contained in the ballot measure. The City received \$671,300 as its share of revenues from this source in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, and that amount is accounted for in the Measure D Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund.

# NOTE 11 – JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

On May 8, 2003 the LTA issued \$6,670,000 of sales tax refunding and new money bonds to refund on a current basis all of a previous bond issue and to fund certain transportation projects for the City and another member of the LTA. The amount made available to the City by this issue was \$1,849,216. The LTA has pledged the City's share of sales tax revenue as security for the amount. The amount received this fiscal year as shown above is net of the City's share of debt service required on this bond issue. The City has no other liability for the debt.

Additional financial information on the LTA is available from the Imperial County Public Works Department.

### Imperial Valley Emergency Communications Authority:

The City is a participant, along with Imperial County and the other cities in the county, in the Imperial Valley Emergency communications authority (IVECA). IVECA is considered a joint venture without equity interest. The purpose of IVECA is to extend an 800 MHz radio system from San Diego into Imperial County, to provide improved communications for public safety and emergency services. IVECA has entered into a lease purchase agreement with Motorola Inc. to provide the infrastructure system needed. The City's cost of the lease purchase agreement is \$63,715 per year for seven years, and began in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. It is also anticipated that IVECA will provide centralized dispatching services throughout Imperial County at some point in the future.

# NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PLANS

#### A. Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan, the California Public Employees' Retirement System, provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The California Public Employees' Retirement System is part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The City selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance (other local methods). CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office - 400 P Street - Sacramento, CA 95814.

#### B. Funding Policy

The City pays 7% (9% for safety employees) of annual covered salary for active plan members in the City's defined pension plan. The City makes the contributions required of the City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined combined rate of 13.309% for miscellaneous employees and 32.181% for safety employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS. The City's contributions to CalPERS for the miscellaneous plan for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$754,826, 603,260, and \$531,864 respectively, and equal to 100% of the required contributions for each fiscal year. The City's contributions to CalPERS for the safety plan for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$1,002,678, \$936,152, and \$711,746 respectively and equal to 100% of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

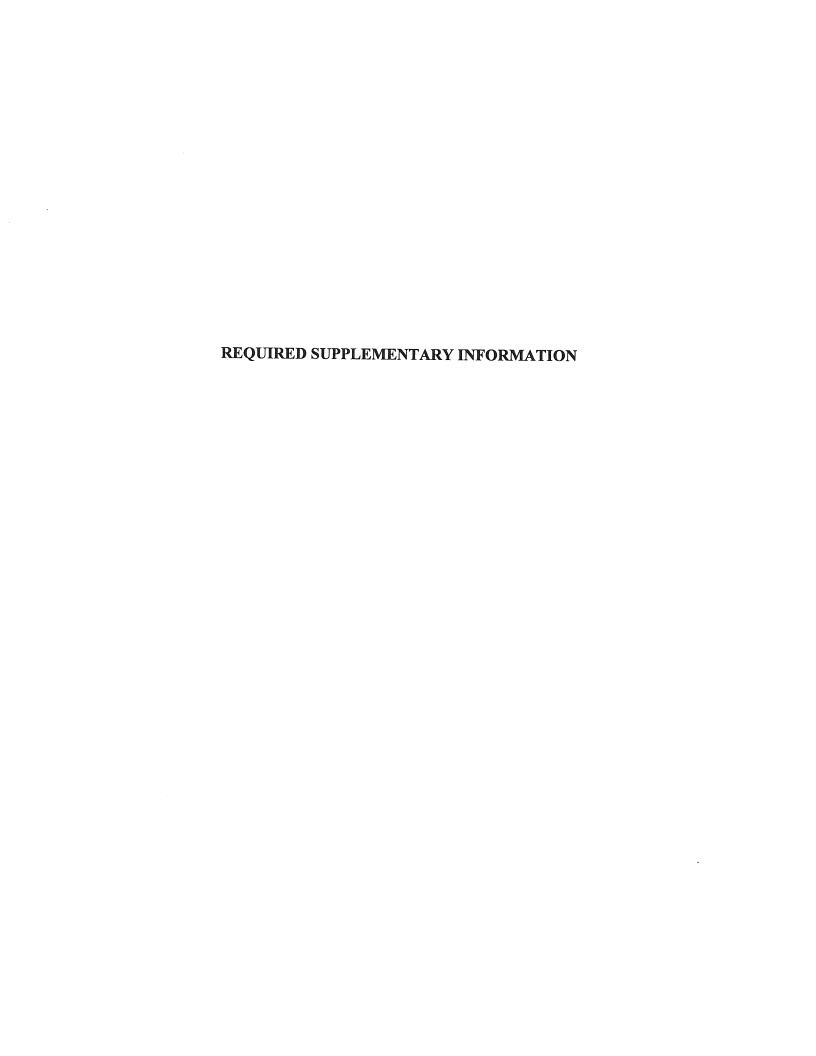
#### NOTE 13 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A prior period adjustment in the CRA Capital Projects fund of \$31,750 was due to the overstatement of accounts payable in the prior fiscal year.

A prior period adjustment in the Solid Waste Enterprise fund of (\$68,241) was due to the understatement of accounts payable in the prior fiscal year.

A prior period adjustment in the Risk Management Internal Service fund of \$943,646 was due to the understatement of prepaid expenditures in the prior fiscal year.

A prior period adjustment on the government-wide statement of activities of \$427,726 was due to the understatement of interest receivable in the prior fiscal year.



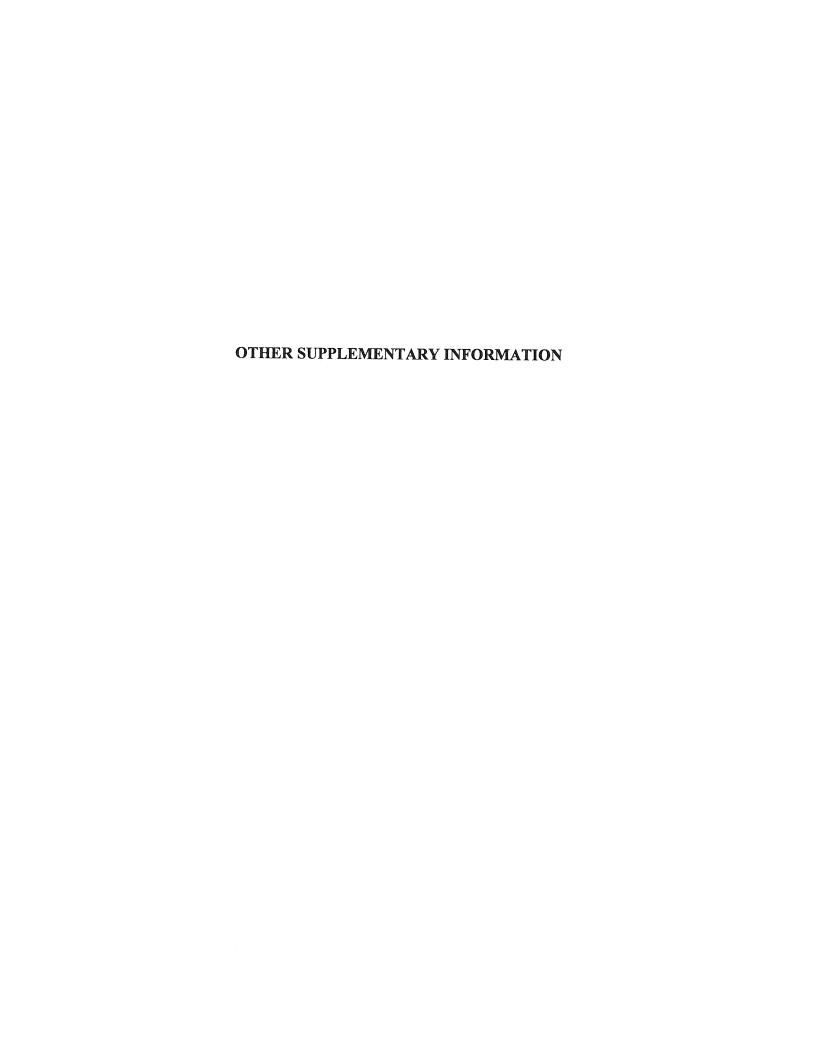
**CITY OF BRAWLEY** 

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Budget	Am	ounts	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget -
		Original		Final		Amounts	Po	ositive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes:	•	4 600 000		4 (00 000	_		_	
Utility users	\$	1,600,000	\$	1,600,000	\$	1,922,725	\$	322,725
Transient lodging		240,000		240,000		252,369		12,369
Franchise		600,000		600,000		751,212		151,212
Business license		45,000		45,000		55,144		10,144
Licenses and permits		104,000		104,000		172,530		68,530
Fines and forfeitures		98,000		98,000		114,267		16,267
Use of money and property		150,000		150,000		119,005		(30,995)
Intergovernmental		6,419,902		6,419,902		6,554,886		134,984
Charges for services		3,403,673		3,403,673		3,263,376		(140,297)
Miscellaneous		428,208		417,308		997,334		580,026
Total revenues		13,088,783		13,077,883		14,202,848		1,124,965
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		2,003,374		2,003,374		2,146,409		(143,035)
Public safety		7,877,115		7,877,115		8,324,054		(446,939)
Culture and leisure		2,413,253		2,413,253		2,521,553		(108,300)
Community development		1,960,911		1,960,911	- <del></del>	1,145,108		815,803
Total expenditures		14,254,653		14,254,653		14,137,124		117,529
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(1,165,870)		(1,176,770)	-	65,724		1,242,494
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	,					118,000		118,000
Total other financing sources (uses)						118,000		118,000
Net change in fund balance		(1,165,870)		(1,176,770)		183,724		1,360,494
Fund Balance - July 1, 2009		5,918,584		5,918,584		5,918,584		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2010	\$	4,752,714	\$	4,741,814	\$	6,102,308	\$	1,360,494

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ECONOMIC & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND

		Budget . Original	Amo	unts Final	-	Actual Amounts	Fina	ance with l Budget - e (Negative)
REVENUES					-			<u> </u>
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	336,000	\$	336,000	\$	290,180 203,317	\$	(45,820) 203,317
Miscellaneous						2,816		2,816
Total revenues		336,000		336,000		496,313		160,313
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development		636,000		636,000		222,168	Market 1	413,832
Total expenditures	•	636,000		636,000		222,168		413,832
F								
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(300,000)		(300,000)		274,145		574,145
Net change in fund balance		(300,000)		(300,000)		274,145		574,145
Fund Balance - July 1, 2009		380,239	-	380,239		380,239		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2010	\$	80,239	\$	80,239	\$	654,384	\$	574,145



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CRA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

REVENUES		Final Budget	-	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Use of money and property	\$	115,000	\$	48,942	\$ (66,058)
Intergovernmental	_	1,070,000	Ψ	1,380,254	310,254
Miscellaneous				2	2
Total revenues	<u> </u>	1,185,000	•	1,429,198	244,198
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Community development		1,550,781		1,973,717	(422,936)
Capital outlay		1,042,468		120,724	921,744
Total expenditures	-	2,593,249		2,094,441	498,808
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		(1,408,249)		(665,243)	743,006
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out				(249,740)	(249,740)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(249,740)	(249,740)
Net change in fund balance		(1,408,249)		(914,983)	493,266
Fund Balance - July 1, 2009		2,122,736		2,122,736	
Prior Period Adjustments				31,750	31,750
Fund Balance - July 1, 2009, Restated		2,122,736		2,154,486	31,750
Fund Balance - June 30, 2010	\$	714,487	\$	1,239,503	\$ 525,016

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#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for particular purposes.

Gas Tax Fund - To account for City's share of state gas tax revenue restricted for street improvements and maintenance.

**SB 325 Fund** – To account for revenue received from the State under Article 8(a) of the Transportation Development Act (Section 99400(a) of the Public Utilities Code). Uses are restricted to local streets and roads.

Measure D Fund – To account for revenue received from the Local Transportation Authority for the City's portion of the ½% local sales tax revenue for a 20 year street rehabilitation program. Uses are restricted to those purposes necessary and convenient for the maintenance, operation, and construction of local streets and roads.

**Pedestrian & Bicycle Facilities Fund** — To account for revenue received from the State under Article 3 of the Transportation Development Act (Section 99234 of the Public Utilities Code). Uses are restricted to facilities for exclusive use by pedestrians and bicycles.

**Downtown Parking Fund** – To account for fees collected from merchants in the downtown business district to provide parking facilities in the downtown area.

**Dial -a- Ride Fund** – To account for revenues received from the State under Article 8(c) of the Transportation Development Act (Section 99400(c) of the Public Utilities Code), and for fares collected from users. Uses are to provide mass transit services to the general public.

**Law Enforcement Fund** – To account for revenues received by the City as a result of its participation in a task force with other law enforcement agencies in the area, and to account for revenues of various federal and state grants for law enforcement.

**CRA Housing Fund** – To account for the 20 percent tax revenue received by the Community Development Agency that is restricted for improving the City's supply of housing for persons and families of low or moderate income.

**Assessment Districts Fund** – To account for the collection of assessments from property owners and the associated expenditures for the maintenance of landscaped areas within the district, and to account for revenues and expenditures of Community Facilities Districts (CFD).

# **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

Capital Projects funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

**Parks Projects Fund** – To account for Parkland dedication fees prescribed by the Quimby Act and other revenues designated for improvements to public parks.

**Development Impact Fund** – To account for fees paid by developers to offset the cost of providing public facilities for police, fire, parks, recreation, library, and other public facilities and for street construction.

#### DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to pay principal and interest on long-term debt obligations.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2010

				Spe	cial	Revenue F	unds			
ASSETS	Gas Tax		***************************************	SB 325	Measure D		8	edestrian z Bicycle Facilities		wntown arking
Cash and investments	\$	62,459	\$	359,483	\$	2,133	\$	137,103	\$	-
Deposits with fiscal agents		250		105		= 0		4.60		
Interest receivable		379		107		70		160		1.4
Due from other governments						66,194				14
Total assets		62,838		359,590	_\$_	68,397		137,263	_\$	14
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	CES									
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	20,219	\$	4,478	\$	1,814	\$	_	\$	-
Deposits payable				326,342						
Due to other funds										565
Total liabilities		20,219		330,820		1,814			-	565
Fund balances:										
Reserved:										
Debt service										
Unreserved:										
Undesignated		42,619		28,770		66,583		137,263		(551)
Total fund balances		42,619		28,770		66,583		137,263	***************************************	(551)
Total liabilities and fund balances		62,838		359,590		68,397		137,263	\$	14

						Debt					
						Service					
		Special R	lever	ue Funds		Fund		Capital Pro	jects Funds		
Di	ial -a- Ride	Law Enforcement		CRA Housing	Assessment Districts	Debt Service	Park Development Projects Impact		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$ 614,282 832 112,941	\$	1,870,239 2,326	\$ 214,500 35,597 349	\$590,109 374,753 802	\$	514,599 715	\$ 1,953,846 3,125	\$	6,318,753 410,350 8,865 179,149
\$	_	\$ 728,055	\$	1,872,565	\$ 250,446	\$965,664	\$	515,314	\$ 1,956,971	_\$_	6,917,117
\$	- 14,640	\$ 30,525	\$	13,104	\$ 3,155	\$ -	\$	15,347	\$ 19,061	\$	107,703 326,342 15,205
	14,640	30,525		13,104	3,155		January Control of the Control of th	15,347	19,061		449,250
											,
						965,664					965,664
	(14,640)	697,530		1,859,461	247,291		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	499,967	1,937,910	******	5,502,203
	(14,640)	697,530		1,859,461	247,291	965,664		499,967	1,937,910		6,467,867
\$	_	\$ 728,055		1,872,565	\$ 250,446	\$965,664	\$	515,314	\$ 1,956,971	\$_	6,917,117

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Gas Tax	SB 325 Measure D		Pedestrian & Bicycle Facilities	Downtown Parking	
REVENUES Property tax Charges for services Use of money and property Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ - 937 422,538	\$ - 239 35,559	\$ - 1,101 671,300	\$ - 572 28,699	\$ - 1,146	
Total revenues	423,475	52,020 87,818	672,401	29,271	1,146	
EXPENDITURES  Current: Public safety Community development Transportation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Intergovernmental expenditures	381,169	380,718	757,132		1,697	
Total expenditures	381,169	380,718	757,132		1,697	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	42,306	(292,900)	(84,731)	29,271	(551)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(141,394)	178,174	(36,780)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(141,394)	178,174	(36,780)			
Net change in fund balances	(99,088)	(114,726)	(121,511)	29,271	(551)	
Fund Balances - beginning of fiscal year	141,707	143,496	188,094	107,992	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Fund Balances (Deficit) - end of fiscal year	\$ 42,619	\$ 28,770	\$ 66,583	\$ 137,263	\$ (551)	

					Debt			
					Service			
		Special Rev	venue Funds		Fund	Capital Pro	ojects Funds	
Di	al -a-Ride	Law Enforcement	CRA Housing	Assessment Districts	Debt Service	Park Projects	Development Impact	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	- 29,025	\$ - 25,950	\$ -	\$ 115,703	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 39,658	\$ 115,703 95,779
	198,630	10,612 377,757	7,971 632,393 3,000	1,022	2,910 371,727	2,675 3,195	11,222	39,261 2,741,798 55,020
	227,655	414,319	643,364	116,725	374,637	5,870	50,880	3,047,561
	242,295	111,211	260,534	24,178	1,700	13,237	18,417	129,628 299,649 1,763,011
	·	185,270				32,452	42,315	260,037
			37,241	-	115,000 257,008			115,000 257,008 37,241
	242,295	296,481	297,775	24,178	373,708	45,689	60,732	2,861,574
	(14,640)	117,838	345,589	92,547	929	(39,819)	(9,852)	185,987
		Management and the second					(357,000)	178,174 (535,174)
							(357,000)	(357,000)
	(14,640)	117,838	345,589	92,547	929	(39,819)	(366,852)	(171,013)
		579,692	1,513,872	154,744	964,735	539,786	2,304,762	6,638,880
	(14,640)	\$ 697,530	\$1,859,461	\$ 247,291	\$ 965,664	\$ 499,967	\$1,937,910	\$ 6,467,867

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#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government unites, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Maintenance Fund - To account for the costs of maintenance of the City's fleet of vehicles and certain public facilities.

**Risk Management Fund** – To account for the costs of providing insurance, including risks retained by the City, for general liability, property damage, unemployment benefits, workers' compensation and employee health benefits. This fund also finances postemployment health care benefits provided to retirees and to former employees.

	Maintenance	Risk Management	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 733,289	\$ 446,152	\$ 1,179,441
Interest receivable	829	1,246	2,075
Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures	166,138	819,292	166,138 819,292
Total Current Assets	900,256	1,266,690	2,166,946
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Improvements other than buildings	298,092		298,092
Equipment  Total Carried Assets	1,926,381		1,926,381
Total Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation	2,224,473		2,224,473
	(1,071,088)		(1,071,088)
Net Capital Assets	1,153,385		1,153,385
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,153,385	#1107 (101 (101 (101 (101 (101 (101 (101	1,153,385
Total Assets	2,053,641	1,266,690	3,320,331
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	11,372	137,599	148,971
Total Current Liabilities	11,372	137,599	148,971
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Compensated absences	10,505		10,505
Claims payable		6,682	6,682
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,505	6,682	17,187
Total Liabilities	21,877	144,281	166,158
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,153,385		1,153,385
Unrestricted	878,379	1,122,409	2,000,788
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,031,764	\$ 1,122,409	\$ 3,154,173

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Maintenance	Risk Management	Totals
Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 323,098	\$ 1,935,506	\$ 2,258,604
Use of money and property	633,943		633,943
Total Revenues	957,041	1,935,506	2,892,547
Expenses:			
Salary and benefits	434,243		434,243
Supplies and services	104,828	2,239,524	2,344,352
Depreciation	126,150		126,150
Total Expenses	665,221	2,239,524	2,904,745
Operating Income (Loss)	291,820	(304,018)	(12,198)
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)			
Intergovernmental revenue	294,283	239,775	534,058
Interest income	3,445	4,537	7,982
Total Non-Operating Revenue	297,728	244,312	542,040
Change in Net Assets	589,548	(59,706)	529,842
Net Assets - Beginning of Fiscal Year	1,442,216	238,469	1,680,685
Prior Period Adjustments		943,646	943,646
Net Assets - Beginning of Fiscal Year, Restated	1,442,216	1,182,115	2,624,331
Net Assets - End of Fiscal Year	\$ 2,031,764	\$ 1,122,409	\$ 3,154,173

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Maintenance	Risk Management	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from users Cash payments to suppliers and contractors Cash payments for claims Cash payments for employees and benefit programs	\$ 957,041 (105,013) (432,362)	\$ 1,935,506 (2,213,563) (7,368)	\$ 2,892,547 (2,318,576) (7,368) (432,362)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	419,666	(285,425)	134,241
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Intergovernmental revenue	303,878	239,775	543,653
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Non-Capital Financing Activities	303,878	239,775	543,653
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets	(339,312)		(339,312)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities	(339,312)		(339,312)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received	3,738	5,934	9,672
Net Cash Provided In Investing Activities	3,738	5,934	9,672
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	387,970	(39,716)	348,254
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR	345,319	485,868	831,187
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR	\$ 733,289	\$ 446,152	\$ 1,179,441
Reconciliation with Statement of Net Assets Cash and investments	\$ 733,289	\$ 446,152	\$ 1,179,441
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 733,289	\$ 446,152	\$ 1,179,441 (Continued)

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

	Maintenance	Risk Management	Totals
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 291,820	\$ (304,018)	\$ (12,198)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	126,150		126,150
Increase (Decrease) compensated absences	1,881		1,881
(Increase) Decrease prepaid expenditures		(77,482)	(77,482)
Increase (Decrease) claims payable		(7,368)	(7,368)
Increase (Decrease) accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(185)	103,443	103,258
Total Adjustments	127,846	18,593	146,439
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ 419,666	\$ (285,425)	\$ 134,241